## SECTION ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM o

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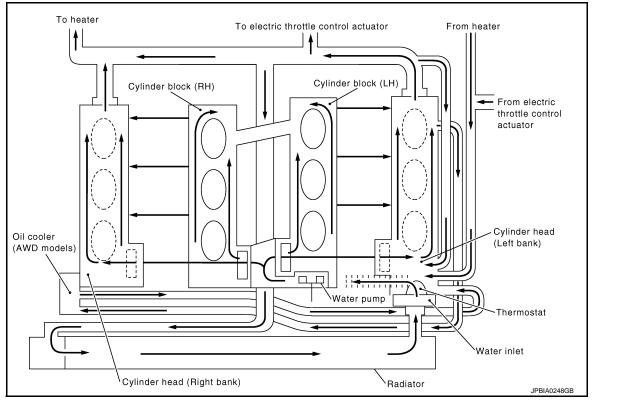
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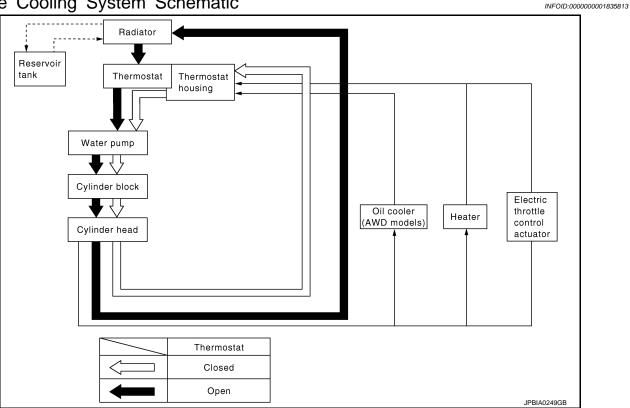
## DESCRIPTION

## < SYSTEM DESCRIPTION > SYSTEM DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION

## Engine Cooling System



## Engine Cooling System Schematic



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## SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

## Troubleshooting Chart

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	Sym	ptom	Check items	
		Water pump malfunction	Worn or loose drive belt	
	Poor heat transfer	Thermostat stuck closed	_	
		Damaged fins	Dust contamination or pa- per clogging	_
			Physical damage	
		Clogged radiator cooling tube	Excess foreign material (rust, dirt, sand, etc.)	
		Cooling fan does not oper- ate		_
	Reduced air flow	High resistance to fan rota- tion	Fan assembly	
		Damaged fan blades		
	Damaged radiator shroud	—	—	—
Cooling sys-	Improper engine coolant mixture ratio	—		
em parts	Poor engine coolant quality	—	Engine coolant density	—
	Insufficient engine coolant Overflowing reservoir tank	Engine coolant leaks	Cooling hose	Loose clamp
				Cracked hose
			Water pump	Poor sealing
			Radiator cap	Loose
				Poor sealing
			Radiator	O-ring for damage, deterio- ration or improper fitting
				Cracked radiator tank
				Cracked radiator core
			Reservoir tank	Cracked reservoir tank
			Exhaust gas leaks into cool-	Cylinder head deterioration
		ing system	Cylinder head gasket deteri- oration	

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## **OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS**

#### < SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS >

	Sym	ptom	Check items	
		Overload on engine	Abusive driving	High engine rpm under no load
				Driving in low gear for ex- tended time
				Driving at extremely high speed
			Powertrain system malfunc- tion	
Except cool- ing system			Installed improper size wheels and tires	_
parts mal-			Dragging brakes	-
function			Improper ignition timing	
	Blocked or restricted air flow Blo Blo	Blocked bumper	_	
		Blocked radiator grille	Installed car brassiere	*
			Mud contamination or paper clogging	
		Blocked radiator	—	*
		Blocked condenser	<ul> <li>Blocked air flow</li> </ul>	
		Installed large fog lamp		

# < PRECAUTION > PRECAUTION PRECAUTIONS

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the "SRS AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT" of this Service Manual.

#### WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the "SRS AIR BAG".
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

#### WARNING:

- When working near the Air Bag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Air Bag System sensors with the ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

## Liquid Gasket

#### REMOVAL OF LIQUID GASKET SEALING

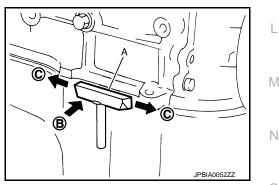
After removing mounting nuts and bolts, separate the mating surface using the seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J37228)] (A) and remove old liquid gasket sealing.
 CAUTION:

#### Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

- Tap (B) the seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J37228)] to insert it, and then slide (C) it by tapping on the side as shown in the figure.
- In areas where seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J38228)] is difficult to use, use a plastic hammer to lightly tap the parts, to remove it. **CAUTION:**

If for some unavoidable reason tool such as a screwdriver is used, be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE



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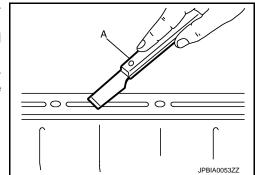
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## PRECAUTIONS

### < PRECAUTION >

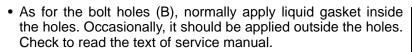
- 1. Using a scraper (A), remove old liquid gasket adhering to the liquid gasket application surface and the mating surface.
  - Remove liquid gasket completely from the groove of the liquid gasket application surface, mounting bolts, and bolt holes.
- 2. Wipe the liquid gasket application surface and the mating surface with white gasoline (lighting and heating use) to remove adhering moisture, grease and foreign materials.



3. Attach liquid gasket tube to the tube presser (commercial service tool).

Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to <u>GI-15, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants"</u>.

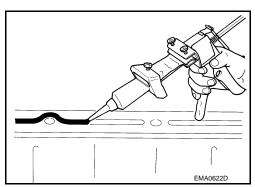
- 4. Apply liquid gasket without breaks to the specified location with the specified dimensions.
  - If there is a groove for the liquid gasket application, apply liquid gasket to the groove.

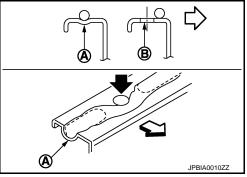


- A : Groove
- <⊐ : Inside
- Within five minutes of liquid gasket application, install the mating component.
- If liquid gasket protrudes, wipe it off immediately.
- Do not retighten after mounting bolts and nuts the installation.
- After 30 minutes or more have passed from the installation, fill engine oil and engine coolant.

#### **CAUTION:**

If there are specific instructions in this manual, observe them.





## < PREPARATION >

## PREPARATION

## PREPARATION

## Commercial Service Tools

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Tool name		Description
Tube presser		Pressing the tube of liquid gasket
	СФ () S-NT052	
Power tool		Loosening nuts and bolts
	PBIC0190E	
Radiator cap tester		Checking radiator and radiator cap
	O C C O	
	PBIC1982E	
Radiator cap tester adapter		Adapting radiator cap tester to radiator cap and water outlet (front) filler neck a: 28 (1.10) dia. b: 31.4 (1.236) dia. c: 41.3 (1.626) dia.
		Unit: mm (in)
	S-NT564	

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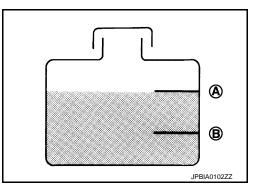
## < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

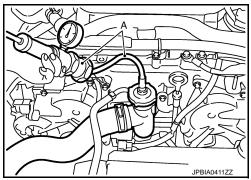
## PERIODIC MAINTENANCE **ENGINE COOLANT**

## Inspection

#### LEVEL

- · Check if the reservoir tank engine coolant level is within the "MIN" to "MAX" when the engine is cool.
  - А : MAX
  - R : MIN
- Adjust the engine coolant level as necessary.
- · Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.





### LEAKAGE

 To check for leaks, apply pressure to the cooling system with the radiator cap tester and radiator cap tester adapter (commercial service tool) (A).

#### Testing pressure : Refer to <u>CO-26, "Radiator"</u>.

#### WARNING:

Never remove radiator cap when engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from radiator. CAUTION:

Higher test pressure than specified may cause radiator damage.

#### NOTE:

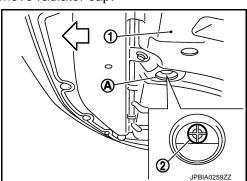
- In a case that engine coolant decreases, replenish radiator with engine coolant.
- If anything is found, repair or replace damaged parts.

## Draining

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#### WARNING:

- To avoid being scalded, never change engine coolant when the engine is hot.
- Wrap a thick cloth around radiator cap and carefully remove radiator cap. First, turn radiator cap a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Then turn radiator cap all the way.
- 1. Open radiator drain plug (2) at the bottom of radiator, and then remove radiator cap.
  - 1 : Engine under cover
  - А : Radiator drain plug hole
  - $\triangleleft$ : Vehicle front



#### When draining all of engine coolant in the system, open water drain plugs on cylinder block. Refer to EM-89, "Setting".

2. Remove reservoir tank as necessary, and drain engine coolant and clean reservoir tank before installing.



## **ENGINE COOLANT**

#### < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

 Check drained engine coolant for contaminants such as rust, corrosion or discoloration. If contaminated, flush the engine cooling system. Refer to <u>CO-10, "Flushing"</u>.

## Refilling

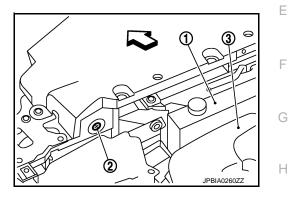
- 1. Remove air cleaner case (LH). Refer to <u>EM-26, "Exploded View"</u>.
- 2. Install reservoir tank if removed, and radiator drain plug. CAUTION:

Be sure to clean drain plug and install with new O-ring.

#### Tightening torque : Refer to CO-14, "Exploded View".

If water drain plugs on cylinder block are removed, close and tighten them. Refer to <u>EM-117, "Dis-assembly and Assembly"</u>.

- 3. Check that each hose clamp has been firmly tightened.
- 4. Remove air relief plug (2) on radiator left side.
  - 1 : Reservoir tank
  - 3 : Engine cover



- 5. Remove air relief plug (1) on heater hose.
  - 2 : Heater hose
  - <□ : Vehicle front

- 6. Fill radiator, and reservoir tank if removed, to specified level.
  - Pour engine coolant through engine coolant filler neck slowly of less than  $2\ell$  (2-1/8 US qt, 1-3/4 Imp qt) a minute to allow air in system to escape.
  - Use Genuine NISSAN Long Life Antifreeze/Coolant or equivalent mixed with water (distilled or demineralized). Refer to <u>MA-10</u>, "Fluids and Lubricants".

Engine coolant capacity (With reservoir tank at "MAX" level)

: Refer to <u>CO-26</u>, <u>"Periodical Maintenanc</u> <u>e Specification"</u>.

Reservoir tank engine coolant capacity (At "MAX" level)

Refer to <u>CO-26.</u> "Periodical Maintenance Specification".

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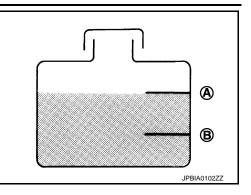
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## **ENGINE COOLANT**

#### < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

- A : MAX
- B : MIN
- 7. When engine coolant overflows air relief hole on radiator, install air relief plug with new O-ring.

Tightening torque : Refer to <u>CO-14, "Exploded View"</u>.



- 8. Repeat step 6.
- 9. When engine coolant overflows air relief hole on heater hose, install air relief plug with new O-ring. Then refill radiator with engine coolant.



- 10. Install air cleaner case (LH). Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View".
- 11. Install radiator cap.
- 12. Warm up engine until opening thermostat. Standard for warming-up time is approximately 10 minutes at 3,000 rpm.

• Check thermostat opening condition by touching radiator hose (lower) to see a flow of warm water. CAUTION:

#### Watch water temperature gauge so as not to overheat engine.

- 13. Stop the engine and cool down to less than approximately 50°C (122°F).
  - Cool down using fan to reduce the time.
  - If necessary, refill radiator up to filler neck with engine coolant.
- 14. Refill reservoir tank to "MAX" level line with engine coolant.
- 15. Repeat steps 11 through 14 two or more times with radiator cap installed until engine coolant level no longer drops.
- 16. Check cooling system for leaks with engine running.
- 17. Warm up the engine, and check for sound of engine coolant flow while running engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm with heater temperature controller set at several position between "COOL" and "WARM".
  - Sound may be noticeable at heater unit.
- 18. Repeat step 17 three times.
- 19. If sound is heard, bleed air from cooling system by repeating step 6, and steps from 11 to 18 until engine coolant level no longer drops.
- 20. Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.

## Flushing

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 Install reservoir tank if removed, and radiator drain plug. CAUTION: Be sure to clean drain plug and install with new O-ring.

## Tightening torque : Refer to CO-14, "Exploded View".

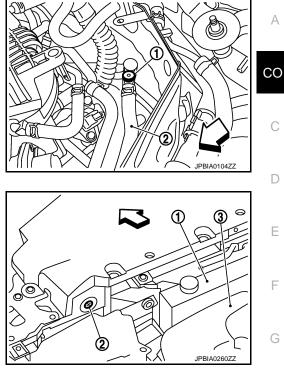
If water drain plugs on cylinder block are removed, close and tighten them. Refer to <u>EM-117, "Dis-assembly and Assembly"</u>.

## **ENGINE COOLANT**

#### < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

2. Remove air relief plug (1) on heater hose.

2 : Heater hose



- 3. Remove air relief plug (2) on radiator.
  - 1 : Reservoir tank
  - 3 : Engine cover
- 4. Fill radiator with water until water spills from the air relief holes, then close air relief plugs. Fill radiator and H reservoir tank with water and reinstall radiator cap.

	Tightening torque : Refer to <u>CO-14, "Exploded View"</u> .	
5.	Run the engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.	
6.	Rev the engine two or three times under no-load.	
7.	Stop the engine and wait until it cools down.	J
8.	Drain water from the system. Refer to <u>CO-8. "Draining"</u> .	
9.	Repeat steps 1 through 8 until clear water begins to drain from radiator.	K
10.	Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.	r\
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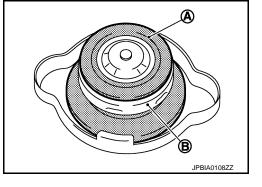
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## < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

## RADIATOR RADIATOR CAP

## **RADIATOR CAP** : Inspection

- Check valve seat of radiator cap.
- Check if valve seat is swollen to the extent that the edge of the plunger cannot be seen when watching it vertically from the top.
- Check if valve seat has no soil and damage.
  - A : Valve seat
  - B : Metal plunger

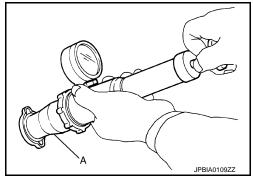




- Pull negative-pressure valve to open it, and check that it close completely when released.
   Check that there is no dirt or damage on the valve seat of radiator.
- Check that there is no dirt or damage on the valve seat of radiator cap negative-pressure valve.
- Check that there are no unusualness in the opening and closing conditions of negative-pressure valve.
- Check radiator cap relief pressure.

#### Standard and limit : Refer to <u>CO-26, "Radiator"</u>.

- When connecting radiator cap to the radiator cap tester (commercial service tool) and the radiator cap tester adapter (commercial service tool) (A), apply engine coolant to the cap seal surface.



• Replace radiator cap if there is an unusualness related to the above three. **CAUTION:** 

When installing radiator cap, thoroughly wipe out the water outlet (front) filler neck to remove any waxy residue or foreign material. RADIATOR

## **RADIATOR** : Inspection

Check radiator for mud or clogging. If necessary, clean radiator as follows:

- Be careful not to bend or damage radiator fins.
- When radiator is cleaned without removal, remove all surrounding parts such as radiator cooling fan assembly and horns. Then tape harness and connectors to prevent water from entering.
- 1. Apply water by hose to the back side of the radiator core vertically downward.
- 2. Apply water again to all radiator core surfaces once per minute.
- 3. Stop washing if any stains no longer flow out from radiator.
- 4. Blow air into the back side of radiator core vertically downward.

## CO-12

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## RADIATOR

### < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

- Use compressed air lower than 490 kPa (5 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 71 psi) and keep distance more than 30 cm (11.8 in).
- 5. Blow air again into all the radiator core surfaces once per minute until no water sprays out.

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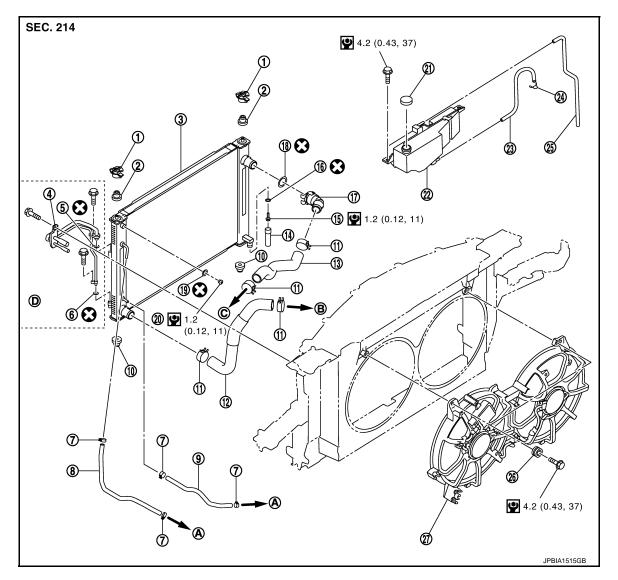
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## < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION > REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION RADIATOR

Exploded View

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- 1. Upper mount bracket
- 4. Condenser pipe assembly
- 7. Clamp
- 10. Mounting rubber (lower)
- 13. Radiator hose (Upper)
- 16. O-ring
- 19. O-ring
- 22. Reservoir tank
- 25. Reservoir tank hose
- A. To transmission
- D. Refer to <u>HA-49</u>

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

- 2. Mounting rubber (upper)
- 5. O-ring
- 8. A/T fluid cooler hose (A/T models)
- 11. Clamp
- 14. Water drain hose
- 17. Radiator water inlet pipe
- 20. Air relief plug
- 23. Reservoir tank hose
- 26. Grommet
- B. To water inlet

- 3. Radiator & condenser assembly
- 6. O-ring
- 9. A/T fluid cooler hose (A/T models)
- 12. Radiator hose (lower)
- 15. Drain plug
- 18. O-ring
- 21. Reservoir tank cap
- 24. Clamp
- 27. Radiator cooling fan assembly
- C. To water outlet

## RADIATOR

## < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

## Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

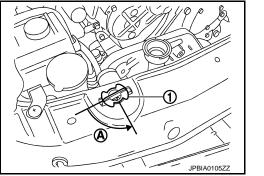
## WARNING:

CO Never remove radiator cap when engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove radiator cap by turning it all the way.

- 1. Remove the following parts:
  - Engine under cover with power tool.
  - Engine cover: Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".
  - Air cleaner case (RH and LH): Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View".
  - Reservoir tank: Refer to CO-14, "Exploded View".
  - Radiator core support ornament, radiator core support center and horn: Refer to EXT-18, "Removal and Installation".
  - Hood lock: Refer to DLK-224, "HOOD ASSEMBLY : Exploded View".
- Remove condenser pipe assembly. Refer to <u>HA-49</u>, "Removal and Installation".
- Drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to <u>CO-8, "Draining"</u>. **CAUTION:** 
  - Perform this step when the engine is cold.
  - Never spill engine coolant on drive belts.
- Disconnect A/T fluid cooler hoses from radiator. (A/T models) Install blind plug to avoid leakage of A/T fluid.
- 5. Remove radiator hoses (upper and lower) and reservoir tank hose. **CAUTION:**
- Be careful not to allow engine coolant to contact drive belts. Remove cooling fan assembly. Refer to CO-17, "Exploded View". **CAUTION:**

Never damage or scratch radiator & condenser assembly core when removing.

- Rotate two radiator upper mount brackets 90 degrees in direction as shown in the figure, and remove them.
  - 1 : Radiator upper mount bracket
  - : Turn 90° counterclockwise А



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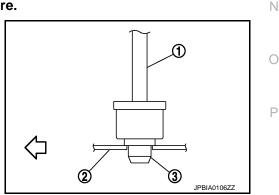
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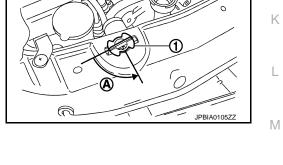
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Remove radiator & condenser assembly as follows: **CAUTION:** Be careful not to damage radiator & condenser assembly core.

a. Lift up and pull the radiator & condenser assembly (1) forward, and then remove the mounting rubber (lower) (3) from the radiator core support (2).

C : Vehicle front

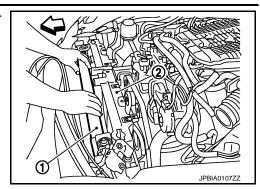




## RADIATOR

### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- b. Remove radiator & condenser assembly (1) from front of radiator core support (2).



INSTALLATION Installation is the reverse order of removal.

### Inspection

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#### INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.
- Check for leaks of engine coolant using the radiator cap tester adapter (commercial service tool) and the radiator cap tester (commercial service tool). Refer to <u>CO-8, "Inspection"</u>.
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check that there is no leaks of engine coolant and A/T fluid (A/T models).

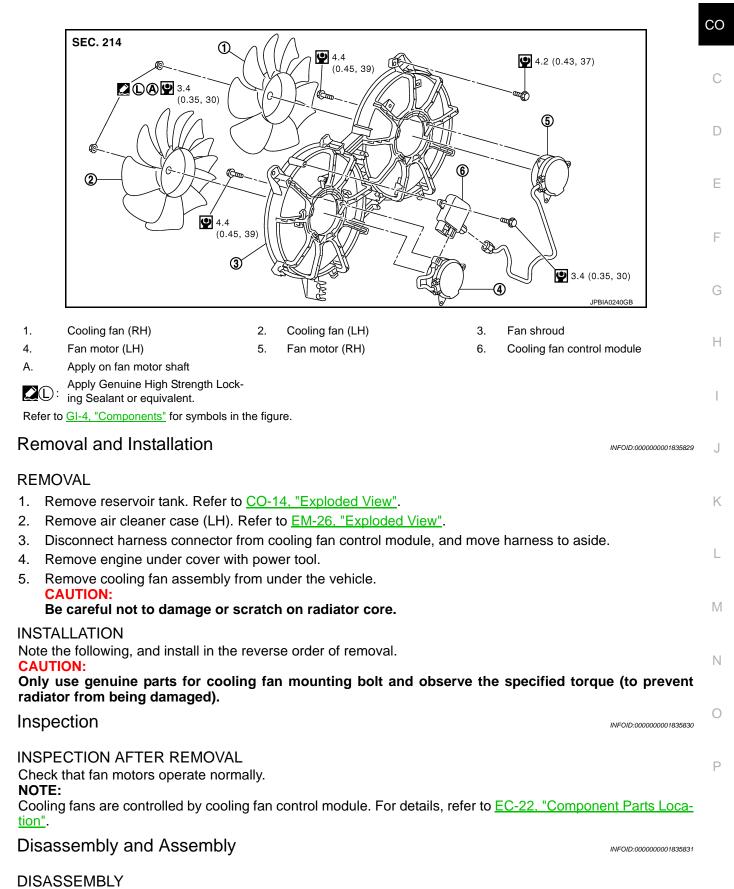
## < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

## COOLING FAN

## Exploded View

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## **COOLING FAN**

### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- 1. Disconnect harness from cooling fan control module.
- 2. Remove cooling fan control module from cooling fan assembly. CAUTION:

#### Handle carefully to avoid dropping and shocks.

- 3. Remove cooling fan mounting nuts, and then remove the cooling fan (RH and LH).
- 4. Remove fan motors (RH and LH).

#### ASSEMBLY

Note the following, and assemble in the reverse order of disassembly. **CAUTION:** 

#### RH and LH cooling fans are different. Be careful not to misassemble them.

• Install each fan in the following position.

Right side: 9 bladesLeft side: 11 blades

• Secure the harness tightly to the fan shroud to prevent the fan rotation area from being loose.

Inspection

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#### INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Cooling Fan

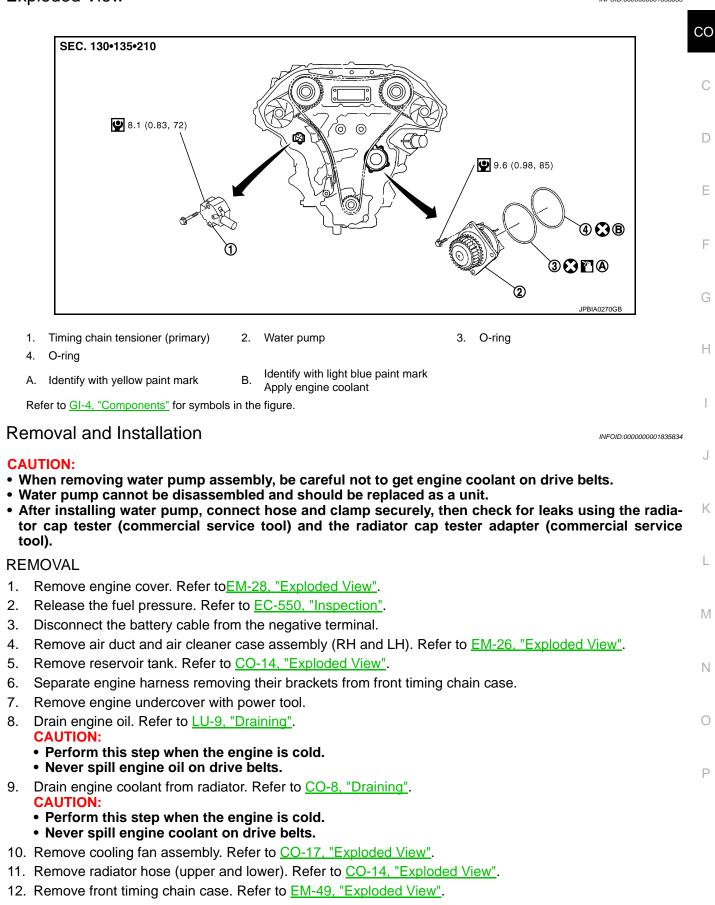
- Inspect cooling fan for crack or unusual bend.
- If anything is found, replace cooling fan.

## < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION > WATER PUMP

**Exploded View** 

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CO-19

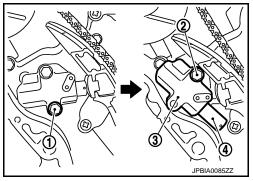
## WATER PUMP

### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- 13. Remove timing chain tensioner (primary) as follows:
- a. Remove lower mounting bolt (1).
- b. Loosen upper mounting bolt (2) slowly, and then turn chain tensioner (primary) (3) on the upper mounting bolt so that plunger (4) is fully expanded.

#### NOTE:

Even if plunger is fully expanded, it is not dropped from the body of timing chain tensioner (primary).

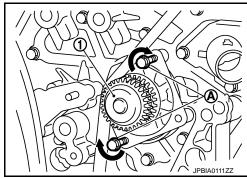


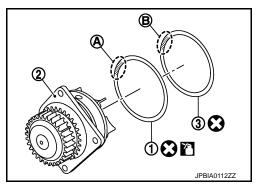
- c. Remove upper mounting bolt, and then remove timing chain tensioner (primary).
- 14. Remove water pump as follows:
- a. Remove three water pump mounting bolts. Secure a gap between water pump gear and timing chain, by turning crankshaft counterclockwise until timing chain looseness on water pump sprocket becomes maximum.
- Screw M8 bolts (A) [pitch: 1.25 mm (0.0492 in) length: approx. 50 mm (1.97 in)] into water pumps upper and lower mounting bolt holes until they reach timing chain case. Then, alternately tighten each bolt for a half turn, and pull out water pump (1). CAUTION:
  - Pull straight out while preventing vane from contacting socket in installation area.
  - Remove water pump without causing sprocket to contact timing chain.
- c. Remove M8 bolts and O-rings from water pump.

#### Never disassemble water pump.

#### INSTALLATION

- 1. Install new O-rings to water pump.
  - Apply engine oil to O-ring (1) and engine coolant to O-ring (3) as shown in the figure.
    - 2 : Water pump
  - Locate O-ring with yellow paint mark (A) to front side.
  - Locate O-ring with light blue paint mark (B) to rear side.





#### 2. Install water pump. CAUTION:

#### Never allow cylinder block to nip O-rings when installing water pump.

- Check timing chain and water pump sprocket are engaged.
- Insert water pump by tightening mounting bolts alternately and evenly.
- 3. Install timing chain tensioner (primary) as follows:
- a. Turn crankshaft clockwise so that timing chain on the timing chain tensioner (primary) side is loose.

## WATER PUMP

## < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

b. Pull plunger stopper tab (A) up (or turn lever downward) so as to remove plunger stopper tab from the ratchet of plunger (D).
 NOTE:

Plunger stopper tab and lever (C) are synchronized.

- c. Push plunger into the inside of tensioner body.
- d. Hold plunger in the fully compressed position by engaging plunger stopper tab with the tip of ratchet.
- e. To secure lever, insert stopper pin (E) through hole of lever into tensioner body hole (B).
  - The lever parts and the tab are synchronized. Therefore, the plunger will be secured under this condition.
     NOTE:

Figure shows the example of 1.2 mm (0.047 in) diameter thin screwdriver being used as the stopper pin. Install timing chain tensioner (primary).

- Remove dust and foreign material completely from backside of timing chain tensioner (primary) and from installation area of rear timing chain case.
- g. Remove stopper pin.
- h. Check again that timing chain and water pump sprocket are engaged.
- 4. Install in the reverse order of removal for remaining parts.
  - After starting engine, let idle for three minutes, then rev engine up to 3,000 rpm under no load to purge air from the high-pressure chamber of chain tensioner. Engine may produce a rattling noise. This indicates that air still remains in the chamber and is not a matter of concern.

### Inspection

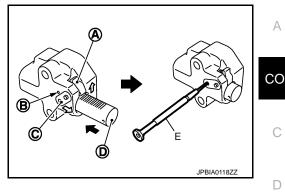
f.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- · Check for badly rusted or corroded water pump body assembly.
- Check for rough operation due to excessive end play.
- If anything is found, replace water pump.



- Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.
- Check for leaks of engine coolant using the radiator cap tester adapter (commercial service tool) and the radiator cap tester (commercial service tool). Refer to <u>CO-8</u>, "Inspection".
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check that there is no leaks of engine coolant.



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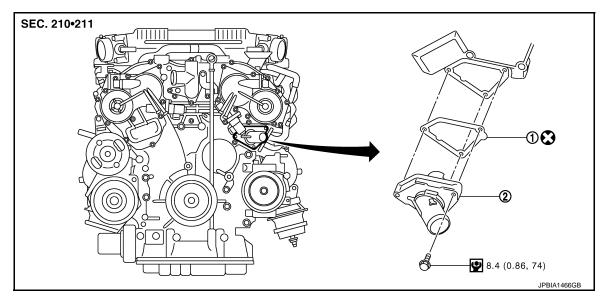
## WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY

## < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

## WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY

## Exploded View

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1. Gasket 2. Water inlet and thermostat assembly

Refer to <u>GI-4, "Components"</u> for symbols in the figure.

## Removal and Installation

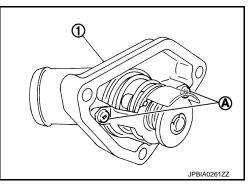
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## REMOVAL

- 1. Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".
- 2. Remove air duct and air cleaner case assembly (LH). Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View".
- 3. Remove reservoir tank. Refer to CO-14, "Exploded View".
- 4. Remove oil cooler water pipe mounting bolt, and move aside water pipe. (AWD models) Refer to <u>LU-14</u>, <u>"AWD : Exploded View"</u>.
- 5. Remove engine undercover with power tool.
- 6. Drain engine coolant from radiator drain plug at the bottom of radiator. Refer to <u>CO-8</u>, "<u>Draining</u>". CAUTION:
  - Perform this step when the engine is cold.
  - Never spill engine coolant on drive belts.
- 7. Disconnect radiator hose (lower).
- 8. Disconnect intake valve timing control valve harness connector (LH), and remove intake valve timing control solenoid.
- 9. Remove water inlet and thermostat assembly (1). CAUTION:

Never disassemble water inlet and thermostat assembly. Replace them as a unit, if necessary.

A : Do not loosen these screw.



#### INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

## WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

#### • Be careful not to spill engine coolant over engine room. Use rag to absorb engine coolant.

### Inspection

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А

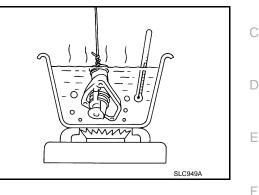
CO

#### INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- 1. Check valve seating condition at ordinary room temperatures. It should seat tightly.
- 2. Check valve operation.

#### Thermostat (Standard) : Refer to CO-26, "Thermostat".

• If the malfunctioning condition, when valve seating at ordinary room temperature, or measured values are out of the standard, replace water inlet and thermostat assembly.



### INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.
- Check for leaks of engine coolant using the radiator cap tester adapte (commercial service tool) and the radiator cap tester (commercial service tool). Refer to <u>CO-8</u>, "Inspection".
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check that there is no leaks of engine coolant.

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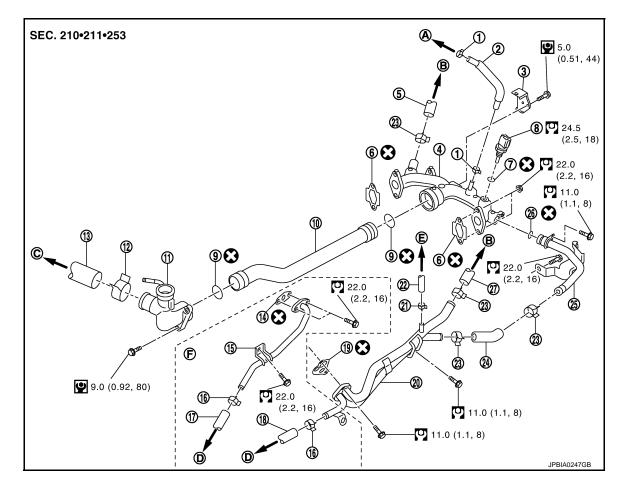
## WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

## < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

## WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

## Exploded View

INFOID:000000001835839



- 1. Clamp
- 4. Water outlet (rear)
- 7. Washer
- 10. Water outlet pipe
- 13. Radiator hose (upper)
- 16. Clamp
- 19. Gasket
- 22. Water hose
- 25. Water bypass pipe
- To EVAP piping Α.
- D. To oil cooler

## Removal and Installation

#### REMOVAL

- Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View". 1.
- 2. Remove reservoir tank. Refer to CO-14, "Exploded View".
- 3. Remove oil level gauge and guide. Refer to EM-42, "Exploded View (2WD)" or EM-43, "Exploded View <u>(AWD)"</u>.
- Remove air duct and air cleaner case assembly (RH and LH). Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View". 4.
- 5. Remove engine undercover with power tool.

- 2. Water hose
- 5. Heater hose
- 8. Engine coolant temperature sensor 9.
- Water outlet (front) 11.
- 14. Gasket
- Water hose 17.
- 20. Heater pipe
- 23. Clamp
- 26. O-ring
- Β. To heater core
- Ε. To electric throttle control actuator

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

## **CO-24**

#### 2008 G35 Sedan

INFOID:000000001835840

- 15. Water pipe 18.
  - 21. Clamp

12. Clamp

3.

6.

24 Heater hose

Water hose

Gasket

O-ring

Harness bracket

- 27. Heater hose
- To radiator C.
- F. AWD models

## WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

## < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

6.	Drain engine coolant from radiator drain plug at the bottom of radiator. Refer to CO-8, "Draining".	
	• Perform this step when the engine is cold.	А
	<ul> <li>Never spill engine coolant on drive belts.</li> </ul>	
7.	Remove radiator hose (upper) and heater hose.	СО
8.	<ul> <li>Remove the following parts, when remove water outlet (rear).</li> <li>A/T fluid charging pipe (A/T models): Refer to <u>TM-278, "2WD : Removal and Installation"</u> (2WD models) or <u>TM-280, "AWD : Removal and Installation"</u> (4WD models).</li> </ul>	
	Intake manifold collector: Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".	С
9.	Separate engine harness removing their bracket from water outlet (rear).	
10.	Remove engine coolant temperature sensor as necessary.	D
44	Be careful not to damage engine coolant temperature sensor.	
	Remove heater pipe, water bypass pipe and water outlet pipe.	Ε
Not • S • W	STALLATION e the following, and install in the reverse order of removal. ecurely insert each hose, and install clamp at a position where it does not interfere with the pipe bulge. /hen inserting water outlet pipe and water bypass pipe into water outlet, apply neutral detergent to O-ring. UTION:	F
	ver allow water outlet (rear) to nip O-rings when installing water outlet pipe and water bypass pipe.	
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	' SPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION	Н
	heck that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.	
ra	heck for leaks of engine coolant using the radiator cap tester adapte (commercial service tool) and the idiator cap tester (commercial service tool). Refer to <u>CO-8</u> , " <u>Inspection</u> ". tart and warm up the engine. Visually check that there is no leaks of engine coolant.	I
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## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

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## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

## Periodical Maintenance Specification

## ENGINE COOLANT CAPACITY (APPROXIMATE)

INFOID:000000001835842

Unit:  $\ell$  (US qt, Imp qt)

Engine coolant capacity [With reservoir tank ("MAX" level)]	With oil cooler models	A/T models	9.0 (9-1/2, 7-7/8)
		M/T models	9.1 (9-5/8, 8)
	Without oil cooler models	A/T models	8.5 (9, 7-1/2)
		M/T models	8.6 (9-1/8, 7-5/8)
Reservoir tank engine coolant capacity (At "MAX" level)		0.8 (7/8, 3/4)	

## Radiator

INFOID:000000001835843

Unit: kPa (kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, psi)

Cap relief pressure	Standard	122.3 - 151.7 (1.2 - 1.5, 18 - 22)
Cap relier pressure	Limit	107 (1.1, 16)
Leakage testing pressure		157 (1.6, 23)

## Thermostat

INFOID:000000001835844

Thermostat	Standard
Valve opening temperature	82°C (180°F)
Maximum valve lift	9.0 mm/95°C (0.354 in/203°F)
Valve closing temperature	77°C (171°F)